

# Comparison Tables: BBOB 2013 Testbed in 3-D (Expensive Setting)

The BBOBies

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## Abstract

This document provides tabular results of the workshop for Black-Box Optimization Benchmarking at GECCO 2013 with a focus on benchmarking black-box algorithms for small function evaluation budgets (“expensive setting”), see <http://coco.gforge.inria.fr/doku.php?id=bbob-2013>. About 30 algorithms have been tested on 24 benchmark functions in dimensions between 2 and 40. A description of the used objective functions can be found in [6, 4]. The experimental set-up is described in [5].

The performance measure provided in the following tables is the expected number of objective function evaluations to reach a given target function value (ERT, expected running time), divided by the respective value for the best algorithm in BBOB-2009 (see [2]) if an algorithm from BBOB-2009 reached the given target function value. The ERT value is given otherwise ( $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}}$  is noted as infinite). See [5] for details on how ERT is obtained. Bold entries in the table correspond to values below 3 or the top-three best values. Table 1 gives an overview on all algorithms submitted to the noise-free testbed in 2013.

Table 1: Names and references of all algorithms submitted for the noise-free testbed

algorithm name	short	paper	reference
BIPOP-aCMA-STEP los		BI-Population CMA-ES Algorithms with Surrogate Models and Line Searches (Page 1177)	[11]
BIPOP-saACM-k los		BI-Population CMA-ES Algorithms with Surrogate Models and Line Searches (Page 1177)	[11]
CMAES hut		An Evaluation of Sequential Model-Based Optimization for Expensive Blackbox Functions (Page 1209)	[8]
DE pal		Benchmarking a Hybrid Multi Level Single Linkage Algorithm on the BBOB Noiseless Testbed	[12]
HCMA los		BI-Population CMA-ES Algorithms with Surrogate Models and Line Searches (Page 1177)	[11]
HMSL pal		Benchmarking a Hybrid Multi Level Single Linkage Algorithm on the BBOB Noiseless Testbed	[12]
IPOP-10DDr lia		Bounding the Population Size of IPOP-CMA-ES on the Noiseless BBOB Testbed (Page 1161)	[9]
IPOP-500 lia		Bounding the Population Size of IPOP-CMA-ES on the Noiseless BBOB Testbed (Page 1161)	[9]
IPOP-tany lia		Testing the Impact of Parameter Tuning on a Variant of IPOP-CMA-ES with a Bounded Maximum Population Size on the Noiseless BBOB Testbed (Page 1169)	[10]
IPOP-texp lia		Testing the Impact of Parameter Tuning on a Variant of IPOP-CMA-ES with a Bounded Maximum Population Size on the Noiseless BBOB Testbed (Page 1169)	[10]
IPOP lia		Bounding the Population Size of IPOP-CMA-ES on the Noiseless BBOB Testbed (Page 1161)	[9]
		Testing the Impact of Parameter Tuning on a Variant of IPOP-CMA-ES with a Bounded Maximum Population Size on the Noiseless BBOB Testbed (Page 1169)	[10]
MLSL pal		Benchmarking a Hybrid Multi Level Single Linkage Algorithm on the BBOB Noiseless Testbed	[12]
OQNLP pal		Comparison of Multistart Global Optimization Algorithms on the BBOB Noiseless Testbed (Page 1153)	[13]
P-DCN tra		Multiobjectivization with NSGA-II on the Noiseless BBOB Testbed (Page 1217)	[15]
P-zero tra		Multiobjectivization with NSGA-II on the Noiseless BBOB Testbed (Page 1217)	[15]
SMAC hut		An Evaluation of Sequential Model-Based Optimization for Expensive Blackbox Functions (Page 1209)	[8]
U-DCN tra		Multiobjectivization with NSGA-II on the Noiseless BBOB Testbed (Page 1217)	[15]
U-zero tra		Multiobjectivization with NSGA-II on the Noiseless BBOB Testbed (Page 1217)	[15]
fmincon pal		Comparison of Multistart Global Optimization Algorithms on the BBOB Noiseless Testbed (Page 1153)	[13]
fminunc pal		Comparison of Multistart Global Optimization Algorithms on the BBOB Noiseless Testbed (Page 1153)	[13]
ga100 hol		Benchmarking Cellular Genetic Algorithms on the BBOB Noiseless Testbed (Page 1201)	[7]
grid100 hol		Benchmarking Cellular Genetic Algorithms on the BBOB Noiseless Testbed (Page 1201)	[7]
grid16 hol		Benchmarking Cellular Genetic Algorithms on the BBOB Noiseless Testbed (Page 1201)	[7]
hill hol		Benchmarking Cellular Genetic Algorithms on the BBOB Noiseless Testbed (Page 1201)	[7]
ImmCMA aug		Benchmarking the Local Metamodel CMA-ES on the Noiseless BBOB'2013 Test Bed (Page 1225)	[1]
memPSODE vog		Adapt-MEMPSODE: A Memetic Algorithm with Adaptive Selection of Local Searches (Page 1137)	[16]
prcga saw		Benchmarking Projection-Based Real Coded Genetic Algorithm on BBOB-2013 Noiseless Function Testbed (Page 1193)	[14]
ring100 hol		Benchmarking Cellular Genetic Algorithms on the BBOB Noiseless Testbed (Page 1201)	[7]
ring16 hol		Benchmarking Cellular Genetic Algorithms on the BBOB Noiseless Testbed (Page 1201)	[7]
simplex pal		Comparison of Multistart Global Optimization Algorithms on the BBOB Noiseless Testbed (Page 1153)	[13]

Table 2: 03-D, running time excess  $ERT/ERT_{\text{best 2009}}$  on  $f_1$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target. 46350.8(e)-0.46074srporrespondin0(r5-0.552(E)-0.01.756(R)82.8633(T)0.094654198T)0.8318-3.4832Td[(b)-28.58

Table 3: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best 2009}}$  on  $f_2$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best 2009}}$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f2</b>	<i>6.3e+6:1.5</i>	<i>6.3e+5:4.3</i>	<i>4.0e+4:10</i>	<i>1.0e+2:32</i>	<i>1.0e-8:49</i>	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (0.2)	<b>3.3</b> (0.2)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	<b>2.9</b> (4)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (4)	3.9(1)	6.1(0.7)	15/15
CMAES hut	<b>1.1</b> (1.0)	<b>1.1</b> (2)	3.3(3)	10(6)	$\infty$ 303	0/15
DE pal	<b>1.2</b> (0.7)	<b>0.95</b> (0.9)	3.5(4)	6.9(2)	27(1)	15/15
HCMA los	<b>1.3</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (0.8)	<b>0.96</b> (0.3)	<b>1.1</b> (0.8)	<b>4.6</b> (3)	15/15
HMLSL pal	<b>1.7</b> (1)	3.3(2)	<b>2.4</b> (1)	<b>1.4</b> (0.6)	6.2(6)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>1.3</b> (0.7)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	8.6(5)	26(3)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>1.3</b> (0.7)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	8.6(5)	26(3)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>1.9</b> (0.7)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	7.7(4)	25(2)	15/15
IPOP-texp	5.2(11)	3.2(5)	<b>2.8</b> (3)	9.0(4)	26(2)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>1.3</b> (0.7)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	8.6(5)	26(3)	15/15
MLSL pal	<b>1.7</b> (1)	3.3(2)	<b>2.4</b> (1)	<b>1.4</b> (0.6)	<b>5.2</b> (4)	15/15
OQNLP pal	4.1(5)	3.3(0.2)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (0.4)	152(181)	5/15
P-DCN tra	<b>1.1</b> (0.3)	<b>2.4</b> (4)	5.1(5)	10(11)	852(958)	15/15
P-zero tra	<b>1.1</b> (0.3)	<b>2.1</b> (4)	4.1(6)	11(10)	6.8e4(7e4)	9/15
SMAC hut	<b>1.1</b> (1.0)	<b>0.77</b> (0.5)	<b>1.0</b> (0.7)	4.5(3)	$\infty$ 300	0/15
U-DCN tra	<b>1.1</b> (0.3)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	6.0(7)	45(38)	1.5e4(3e4)	13/15
U-zero tra	<b>1.1</b> (0.3)	<b>1.3</b> (2)	4.3(4)	65(74)	$\infty$ 3e6	0/15
fmincon pa	<b>1.7</b> (1)	3.3(2)	<b>2.4</b> (1)	<b>1.4</b> (0.6)	5.6(5)	15/15
fminunc pa	<b>2.0</b> (3)	<b>2.2</b> (1)	<b>1.3</b> (0.6)	<b>1.9</b> (0.8)	<b>4.7</b> (1)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	5.6(5)	44(29)	$\infty$ 2e5	0/15
grid100 ho	<b>1.3</b> (0.7)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	3.3(4)	70(54)	$\infty$ 2e5	0/15
grid16 hol	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.2</b> (0.9)	5.0(7)	31(38)	$\infty$ 2e5	0/15
hill hol	5.2(4)	4.1(4)	6.5(6)	20(14)	$\infty$ 2e5	0/15
lmmCMA aug	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (0.6)	<b>5.0</b> (0.8)	15/15
memPSODE v	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	3.0(2)	3.5(0.5)	6.1(1.0)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>1.2</b> (1.0)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	3.5(4)	10(5)	698(946)	15/15
ring100 ho	<b>1.3</b> (0.7)	<b>0.95</b> (0.8)	<b>1.9</b> (3)	51(29)	$\infty$ 2e5	0/15
ring16 hol	<b>1.6</b> (1.0)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	8.7(9)	28(25)	$\infty$ 2e5	0/15
simplex pa	11(14)	10(1)	4.8(1.0)	6.4(2)	12(3)	15/15

Table 4: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best 2009}}$  on  $f_3$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best 2009}}$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f3</b>	<i>1.0e+2</i> :2.2	<i>6.3e+1</i> :6.1	<i>4.0e+1</i> :10	<i>1.6e+1</i> :32	<i>4.0e+0</i> :319	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	<b>2.5</b> (3)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (0.3)	<b>1.6</b> (0.6)	<b>0.47</b> (0.1)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	3.7(3)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>2.2</b> (1)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	15/15
CMAES hut	5.6(8)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	3.1(4)	<b>2.7</b> (1)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	7/15
DE pal	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (1)	<b>2.9</b> (2)	<b>1.1</b> (0.5)	15/15
HCMA los	3.1(3)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (0.9)	<b>0.66</b> (0.3)	15/15
HMLSL pal	5.0(4)	4.8(9)	5.5(6)	7.5(5)	<b>1.6</b> (0.5)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (1)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (1)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	4.7(2)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	15/15
IPOP-texp	<b>2.1</b> (3)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	3.7(2)	3.6(2)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (1)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	15/15
MLSL pal	4.8(4)	4.7(7)	6.3(8)	7.2(7)	<b>2.8</b> (2)	15/15
OQNLP pal	21(36)	15(14)	15(14)	10(5)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	15/15
P-DCN tra	<b>2.0</b> (3)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	4.5(4)	80(230)	95(118)	15/15
P-zero tra	<b>2.5</b> (3)	3.6(2)	7.9(3)	81(92)	50(32)	15/15
SMAC hut	<b>0.97</b> (1)	<b>0.98</b> (1.0)	<b>1.0</b> (1)	4.4(3)	3.2(3)	4/15
U-DCN tra	<b>1.9</b> (3)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	4.0(3)	<b>1.2</b> (0.8)	15/15
U-zero tra	<b>2.5</b> (3)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>0.83</b> (0.7)	15/15
fmincon pa	5.2(4)	4.8(8)	5.6(6)	7.1(7)	3.2(4)	15/15
fminunc pa	4.3(9)	5.4(6)	10(10)	8.7(6)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>2.5</b> (2)	<b>2.5</b> (3)	4.7(5)	10(8)	3.4(1)	15/15
grid100 ho	<b>1.1</b> (0.9)	<b>1.1</b> (0.9)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	17(13)	7.3(4)	15/15
grid16 hol	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (3)	4.5(5)	6.1(4)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	15/15
hill hol	6.2(7)	3.1(3)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (1)	<b>0.60</b> (0.3)	15/15
lmmCMA aug	<b>1.4</b> (3)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (0.8)	<b>1.3</b> (2)	15/15
memPSODE v	4.2(3)	<b>2.8</b> (3)	4.1(3)	8.2(11)	6.3(7)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.0</b> (0.9)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	3.8(1)	<b>2.1</b> (0.9)	15/15
ring100 ho	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	3.8(5)	14(12)	5.6(2)	15/15
ring16 hol	<b>2.2</b> (3)	<b>2.5</b> (4)	4.0(4)	5.9(4)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	15/15
simplex pa	45(73)	29(30)	24(17)	15(7)	5.4(4)	15/15

Table 5: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best 2009}}$  on  $f_4$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best 2009}}$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f4</b>	<i>1.0e+2:5.4</i>	<i>6.3e+1:10</i>	<i>6.3e+1:10</i>	<i>2.5e+1:36</i>	<i>4.0e+0:617</i>	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	<b>2.9</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (1)	<b>2.9</b> (6)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	<b>0.98</b> (1)	<b>1.0</b> (1)	<b>1.0</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>2.6</b> (3)	15/15
CMAES hut	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>2.8</b> (2)	3.5(4)	2/15
DE pal	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>0.78</b> (0.3)	15/15
HCMA los	<b>2.8</b> (3)	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>1.0</b> (2)	15/15
HMLSL pal	<b>2.0</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	3.7(4)	<b>1.1</b> (0.7)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	4.5(5)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	4.6(5)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (0.9)	4.7(5)	15/15
IPOP-texp	<b>0.91</b> (1)	<b>1.2</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (2)	3.0(2)	4.6(6)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	4.6(5)	15/15
MLSL pal	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	3.8(4)	3.5(4)	15/15
OQNLP pal	5.0(15)	9.1(10)	9.1(10)	6.6(5)	5.7(6)	11/15
P-DCN tra	<b>2.5</b> (2)	4.9(5)	4.9(5)	11(8)	28(33)	15/15
P-zero tra	<b>2.7</b> (3)	6.1(3)	6.1(3)	196(235)	76(112)	15/15
SMAC hut	<b>0.38</b> (0.5)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>2.8</b> (3)	$\infty$ 300	0/15
U-DCN tra	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>1.1</b> (0.8)	15/15
U-zero tra	<b>2.0</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (0.9)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	15/15
fmincon pa	<b>2.0</b> (1)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	3.7(3)	4.2(4)	15/15
fminunc pa	<b>2.6</b> (6)	4.0(5)	4.0(5)	6.3(8)	4.0(3)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	7.9(6)	<b>2.8</b> (1)	15/15
grid100 ho	<b>1.3</b> (1)	3.6(3)	3.6(3)	17(12)	7.5(5)	15/15
grid16 hol	<b>2.2</b> (2)	4.1(4)	4.1(4)	4.8(2)	<b>1.5</b> (0.7)	15/15
hill hol	<b>2.9</b> (3)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.3</b> (0.9)	<b>0.59</b> (0.5)	15/15
ImmCMA aug	<b>0.40</b> (0.2)	<b>0.95</b> (0.9)	<b>0.95</b> (0.9)	<b>1.5</b> (0.7)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	13/15
memPSODE v	3.6(3)	3.9(3)	3.9(3)	5.7(6)	4.3(3)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>1.0</b> (0.8)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	3.2(2)	3.8(3)	15/15
ring100 ho	<b>1.6</b> (3)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	10(11)	4.7(1)	15/15
ring16 hol	<b>1.5</b> (3)	3.4(4)	3.4(4)	5.5(3)	<b>1.3</b> (0.6)	15/15
simplex pa	11(22)	17(20)	17(20)	8.7(7)	4.8(6)	15/15

Table 6: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best 2009}}$  on  $f_5$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best 2009}}$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f5</b>	<i>4.0e+1:2.2</i>	<i>2.5e+1:4.8</i>	<i>1.0e-8:6.6</i>	<i>1.0e-8:6.6</i>	<i>1.0e-8:6.6</i>	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	<b>2.3</b> (1)	<b>1.3</b> (0.2)	<b>1.2</b> (0)	<b>1.2</b> (0)	<b>1.2</b> (0)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	3.7(3)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	5.7(2)	5.7(2)	5.7(2)	15/15
CMAES hut	5.2(4)	3.6(2)	6.0(4)	6.0(4)	6.0(4)	15/15
DE pal	<b>2.5</b> (3)	3.8(6)	486(27)	486(27)	486(27)	15/15
HCMA los	<b>2.0</b> (1)	<b>1.1</b> (0.5)	<b>1.6</b> (0.5)	<b>1.6</b> (0.5)	<b>1.6</b> (0.5)	15/15
HMLS pal	<b>2.3</b> (0)	<b>1.0</b> (0)	21(27)	21(27)	21(27)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (1)	16(33)	16(33)	16(33)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (1)	16(33)	16(33)	16(33)	15/15
IPOP-tany	4.9(5)	3.2(2)	8.2(6)	8.2(6)	8.2(6)	15/15
IPOP-texp	13(13)	7.3(7)	40(32)	40(32)	40(32)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (1)	16(33)	16(33)	16(33)	15/15
MLSL pal	<b>2.3</b> (0)	<b>1.0</b> (0)	37(54)	37(54)	37(54)	15/15
OQNLP pal	7.3(0)	3.5(0)	<b>3.0</b> (0)	<b>3.0</b> (0)	<b>3.0</b> (0)	15/15
P-DCN tra	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (1)	218(47)	218(47)	218(47)	15/15
P-zero tra	<b>1.9</b> (1)	4.0(7)	146(59)	146(59)	146(59)	15/15
SMAC hut	<b>1.8</b> (0.9)	<b>1.2</b> (0.4)	<b>1.1</b> (0.2)	<b>1.1</b> (0.2)	<b>1.1</b> (0.2)	15/15
U-DCN tra	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>2.8</b> (2)	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$ <i>3e6</i>	0/15
U-zero tra	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$ <i>3e6</i>	0/15
fmincon pa	<b>2.3</b> (0)	<b>1.0</b> (0)	34(97)	34(97)	34(97)	15/15
fminunc pa	4.1(0)	<b>1.9</b> (0)	<b>3.2</b> (0)	<b>3.2</b> (0)	<b>3.2</b> (0)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>1.6</b> (1)	<b>2.5</b> (3)	104(20)	104(20)	104(20)	15/15
grid100 ho	<b>2.8</b> (2)	4.3(4)	154(89)	154(89)	154(89)	15/15
grid16 hol	<b>2.8</b> (2)	4.0(7)	45(27)	45(27)	45(27)	15/15
hill hol	6.6(7)	4.4(4)	8.1(6)	8.1(6)	8.1(6)	15/15
lmmCMA aug	3.6(2)	<b>2.6</b> (1)	4.4(2)	4.4(2)	4.4(2)	15/15
memPSODE v	1(0.7)	<b>1.1</b> (1)	14(5)	14(5)	14(5)	15/15
prcga saw	4.5(3)	12(11)	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$ <i>2e5</i>	0/15
ring100 ho	<b>2.3</b> (2)	3.1(4)	134(38)	134(38)	134(38)	15/15
ring16 hol	<b>2.4</b> (2)	5.3(6)	34(9)	34(9)	34(9)	15/15
simplex pa	22(0.7)	11(0.6)	44(52)	44(52)	44(52)	15/15

Table 7: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best 2009}}$  on  $f_6$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best 2009}}$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f6</b>	<i>6.3e+4</i> :1.8	<i>6.3e+3</i> :3.7	<i>4.0e+1</i> :13	<i>1.0e+1</i> :34	<i>6.3e-4</i> :159	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>2.8</b> (4)	<b>3.0</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	3.0(0.3)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	3.8(4)	4.5(3)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	3.3(2)	<b>3.2</b> (2)	15/15
CMAES hut	4.5(4)	3.5(3)	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (1)	$\infty$ 303	0/15
DE pal	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.6</b> (4)	3.3(3)	3.3(3)	10(2)	15/15
HCMA los	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (2)	4.5(2)	15/15
HMLSL pal	<b>2.3</b> (2)	4 (0. 3.1(3) 3.	<b>2.4</b> (3)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.2</b> (0.5)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>2.2</b> (1)	3.1(0.5)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>2.2</b> (1)	3.1(0.5)	15/15
IPOP-tany						



Table 8: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best 2009}}$  on  $f_7$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best 2009}}$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b><math>f_7</math></b>	<i>2.5e+2</i> :1.5	<i>6.3e+1</i> :4.2	<i>1.0e+1</i> :11	<i>2.5e+0</i> :38	<i>4.0e-1</i> :174	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>3.0</b> (3)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>1.0</b> (0.8)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.0</b> (0.7)	15/15
CMAES hut	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (1)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	12/15
DE pal	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>2.8</b> (4)	4.0(3)	3.5(2)	<b>1.8</b> (0.7)	15/15
HCMA los	<b>2.8</b> (3)	<b>2.3</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (4)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	15/15
HMLSL pal	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	3.8(3)	4.4(3)	<b>2.5</b> (1)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>1.6</b> (1.0)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	4.2(2)	3.7(3)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>1.6</b> (1.0)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	4.2(2)	3.7(3)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>1.4</b> (1.0)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	3.2(3)	<b>2.0</b> (1.0)	<b>1.0</b> (0.7)	15/15
IPOP-texp	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>2.2</b> (1)	4.7(10)	<b>2.8</b> (3)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>1.6</b> (1.0)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	4.2(2)	3.7(3)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	15/15
MLSL pal	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	4.7(6)	15(13)	63(57)	14/15
OQNLP pal	4.1(6)	4.8(3)	4.9(6)	4.8(2)	<b>2.4</b> (1)	15/15
P-DCN tra	<b>1.3</b> (0.7)	8.1(2)	40(70)	978(53)	282(194)	15/15
P-zero tra	<b>1.3</b> (0.7)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	14(22)	37(50)	90(135)	15/15
SMAC hut	<b>1.1</b> (1)	<b>1.3</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>0.85</b> (0.7)	<b>0.82</b> (0.7)	14/15
U-DCN tra	<b>1.3</b> (0.7)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	6.8(9)	11(13)	211(553)	15/15
U-zero tra	<b>1.3</b> (0.7)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	4.4(4)	5.8(4)	295(746)	15/15
fmincon pa	<b>2.2</b> (3)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	5.0(4)	15(24)	25(30)	15/15
fminunc pa	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	4.0(4)	10(10)	42(53)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	4.7(5)	7.7(6)	5.8(2)	15/15
grid100 ho	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	5.6(4)	14(16)	34(70)	15/15
grid16 hol	<b>1.3</b> (1.0)	3.7(2)	6.1(6)	7.1(4)	11(14)	15/15
hill hol	<b>2.7</b> (3)	3.4(3)	6.0(7)	10(22)	79(108)	15/15
lmmCMA aug	<b>1.2</b> (1.0)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>2.6</b> (4)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	15/15
memPSODE v	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>2.6</b> (2)	6.3(3)	23(29)	16(16)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>2.6</b> (4)	3.1(3)	5.2(5)	15/15
ring100 ho	<b>1.4</b> (1.0)	<b>2.0</b> (3)	3.4(3)	8.6(8)	10(5)	15/15
ring16 hol	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	5.0(6)	3.9(6)	8.4(13)	15/15
simplex pa	<b>2.3</b> (3)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	6.3(5)	15(17)	15/15

Table 9: 03-D, running time excess  $ERT/ERT_{\text{best } 2009}$  on  $f_8$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $ERT_{\text{best } 2009}$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the ta

Table 10: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  on  $f_9$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FES/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f9</b>	<i>1.0e+1:21</i>	<i>6.3e+0:25</i>	<i>4.0e+0:32</i>	<i>2.5e+0:48</i>	<i>6.3e-3:152</i>	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	4.5(2)	5.8(5)	6.3(10)	5.9(10)	5.9(4)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	<b>2.9</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (0.8)	<b>2.4</b> (0.9)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>2.4</b> (0.8)	15/15
CMAES hut	3.4(1)	3.6(3)	3.9(2)	4.3(4)	$\infty$ 303	0/15
DE pal	8.6(4)	8.4(3)	8.0(5)	6.8(3)	12(4)	15/15
HCMA los	<b>2.7</b> (3)	3.0(3)	3.3(2)	3.6(2)	3.0(1)	15/15
HMLSL pal	<b>0.53</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.44</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.34</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.23</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.48</b> (0.0)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	4.3(3)	4.3(2)	4.7(1)	4.6(4)	6.6(3)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	4.3(3)	4.3(2)	4.7(1)	4.6(4)	6.6(3)	15/15
IPOP-tany	3.0(1)	3.1(1)	3.1(1)	4.2(5)	6.1(2)	15/15
IPOP-texp	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	3.1(3)	6.4(3)	15/15
IPOP lia	4.3(3)	4.3(2)	4.7(1)	4.6(4)	6.6(3)	15/15
MLSL pal	<b>0.53</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.44</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.34</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.23</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.48</b> (0.0)	15/15
OQNLP pal	<b>0.48</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.45</b> (0.0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.37</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.25</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.49</b> (0.0)	15/15
P-DCN tra	13(15)	493(1602)	755(2628)	557(1843)	668(681)	15/15
P-zero tra	13(13)	1684(4202)	2231(5617)	1639(4261)	1468(1665)	15/15
SMAC hut	7.0(6)	7.9(5)	12(12)	14(13)	$\infty$ 300	0/15
U-DCN tra	14(13)	18(14)	80(95)	58(65)	2.9e4(3e4)	7/15
U-zero tra	10(7)	21(16)	45(48)	33(36)	$\infty$ 3e6	0/15
fmincon pa	<b>0.53</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.44</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.34</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.23</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.48</b> (0.0)	15/15
fminunc pa	<b>0.43</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub>	<b>0.36</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub> <sup>*2</sup>	<b>0.28</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub> <sup>*2</sup>	<b>0.19</b> (0) <sub>↓4</sub> <sup>*2</sup>	<b>0.45</b> (0.0)	15/15
ga100 hol	16(11)	18(10)	20(12)	21(11)	2302(2489)	5/15
grid100 ho	31(19)	41(39)	50(50)	52(42)	1.4e4(2e4)	1/15
grid16 hol	17(13)	130(38)	104(33)	75(22)	1.5e4(2e4)	1/15
hill hol	7.2(8)	64(19)	68(91)	292(220)	1.4e4(2e4)	1/15
lmmCMA aug	<b>1.6</b> (0.6)	<b>1.6</b> (0.5)	<b>1.4</b> (0.3)	<b>1.1</b> (0.5)	<b>1.5</b> (0.4)	15/15
memPSODE v	3.8(0.6)	3.7(0.7)	3.2(1)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>1.6</b> (0.7)	15/15
prcga saw	4.8(4)	5.3(4)	4.7(3)	3.5(2)	1393(1626)	9/15
ring100 ho	30(28)	46(24)	44(25)	32(18)	1010(1097)	9/15
ring16 hol	13(7)	13(8)	14(11)	17(10)	$\infty$ 2e5	0/15
simplex pa	<b>1.3</b> (0.0)	<b>1.4</b> (0.1)	<b>1.6</b> (0.7)	<b>1.2</b> (0.6)	<b>1.5</b> (0.2)	15/15

Table 11: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  on  $f_{10}$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f10</b>	<i>6.3e+6</i> :1.7	<i>1.6e+5</i> :4.4	<i>4.0e+4</i> :12	<i>4.0e+2</i> :37	<i>1.0e+0</i> :152	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	<b>1.2</b> (0.6)	3.5(4)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	5.7(2)	3.8(0.7)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	<b>2.0</b> (3)	<b>2.8</b> (3)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	<b>2.8</b> (0.7)	<b>1.3</b> (0.3)	15/15
CMAES hut	<b>2.0</b> (2)	4.0(3)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	4.8(2)	$\infty$ 303	0/15
DE pal	<b>1.4</b> (2)	3.9(4)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	8.7(4)	10(5)	15/15
HCMA los	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (0.9)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	3.3(2)	<b>1.7</b> (0.2)	15/15
HMLSL pal	<b>1.5</b> (2)	3.6(5)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.1</b> (0.9)	<b>0.38</b> (0.2)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>0.88</b> (0.3)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	3.6(6)	7.2(4)	5.8(1)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>0.88</b> (0.3)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	3.6(6)	7.2(4)	5.8(1)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>0.88</b> (0.3)	<b>2.1</b> (3)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	7.6(3)	5.5(2)	15/15
IPOP-texp	<b>0.92</b> (0.3)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	5.8(4)	4.4(2)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>0.88</b> (0.3)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	3.6(6)	7.2(4)	5.8(1)	15/15
MLSL pal	<b>1.5</b> (2)	3.6(5)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.1</b> (0.9)	<b>0.38</b> (0.2)	15/15
OQNLP pal	3.2(4)	3.5(2)	<b>1.4</b> (0.3)	<b>1.1</b> (0.4)	<b>0.45</b> (0.2)	15/15
P-DCN tra	<b>1.4</b> (0.9)	3.7(5)	3.5(3)	45(61)	2188(3783)	15/15
P-zero tra	<b>1.4</b> (0.9)	<b>2.6</b> (3)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	46(54)	1.0e4(1e4)	12/15
SMAC hut	<b>1.0</b> (0.9)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>0.87</b> (0.5)	<b>2.3</b> (1)	$\infty$ 300	0/15
U-DCN tra	<b>1.4</b> (0.9)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	35(53)	1.3e4(2e4)	10/15
U-zero tra	<b>1.4</b> (0.9)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	3.2(4)	79(129)	2.8e4(3e4)	7/15
fmincon pa	<b>1.5</b> (2)	3.6(5)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.1</b> (0.9)	<b>0.38</b> (0.2)	15/15
fminunc pa	<b>1.6</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>1.1</b> (0.7)	<b>1.6</b> (1.0)	<b>0.95</b> (0.3)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>1.1</b> (0.9)	4.3(6)	4.0(4)	26(27)	4164(4834)	3/15
grid100 ho	<b>1.4</b> (2)	3.4(4)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	66(80)	1.4e4(2e4)	1/15
grid16 hol	1(0.6)	3.7(3)	3.4(4)	55(90)	$\infty$ 2e5	0/15
hill hol	3.8(3)	3.2(4)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	36(24)	6686(7813)	2/15
lmmCMA aug	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (0.8)	<b>1.1</b> (0.3)	15/15
memPSODE v	<b>1.8</b> (1)	4.3(3)	<b>3.0</b> (3)	<b>3.0</b> (0.6)	<b>1.6</b> (0.6)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>2.9</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	254(418)	1987(2588)	7/15
ring100 ho	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (3)	3.2(4)	36(35)	3262(3630)	4/15
ring16 hol	<b>1.4</b> (0.9)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	4.1(4)	36(31)	3088(3714)	4/15
simplex pa	8.9(13)	8.7(5)	3.8(1)	5.5(2)	<b>2.7</b> (1)	15/15

Table 12: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  on  $f_{11}$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b><i>f11</i></b>	<i>2.5e+6</i> :1.9	<i>4.0e+5</i> :4.5	<i>6.3e+4</i> :9.4	<i>2.5e+1</i> :36	<i>2.5e-1</i> :174	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	<b>1.5</b> (1)	3.1(3)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	11(5)	3.4(0.9)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	4.0(4)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	4.4(2)	<b>1.2</b> (0.2)	15/15
CMAES hut	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	22(22)	$\infty$ <i>303</i>	0/15
DE pal	<b>1.6</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>2.8</b> (3)	12(6)	8.9(2)	15/15
HCMA los	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>1.2</b> (0.3)	3.4(3)	<b>1.4</b> (0.2)	15/15
HMLSL pal	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (0.6)	<b>1.2</b> (0.5)	<b>0.61</b> (0.2)	<b>0.18</b> (0.0)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	15(10)	5.6(1)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	15(10)	5.6(1)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>2.1</b> (1)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	12(10)	5.3(0.9)	15/15
IPOP-texp	5.3(7)	3.3(4)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	11(9)	5.1(0.9)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	15(10)	5.6(1)	15/15
MLSL pal	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (0.6)	<b>1.2</b> (0.5)	<b>0.61</b> (0.2)	<b>0.18</b> (0.0)	15/15
OQNLP pal	5.1(4)	3.2(0.6)	<b>1.8</b> (0.2)	<b>1.3</b> (0.3)	<b>0.46</b> (0.1)	15/15
P-DCN tra	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	61(134)	394(233)	15/15
P-zero tra	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>2.5</b> (3)	395(617)	843(369)	15/15
SMAC hut	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.1</b> (1)	<b>0.82</b> (0.4)	3.1(3)	$\infty$ <i>300</i>	0/15
U-DCN tra	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	21(30)	5109(4419)	15/15
U-zero tra	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	74(131)	4146(5594)	15/15
fmincon pa	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (0.6)	<b>1.2</b> (0.5)	<b>0.61</b> (0.2)	<b>0.18</b> (0.0)	15/15
fminunc pa	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>1.2</b> (0.6)	<b>0.77</b> (0.3)	<b>0.98</b> (1.0)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>1.3</b> (2)	<b>1.1</b> (0.9)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	690(2107)	5933(6311)	2/15
grid100 ho	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	806(2111)	1.3e4(1e4)	1/15
grid16 hol	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>3.0</b> (3)	155(306)	1861(1729)	6/15
hill hol	6.2(10)	3.5(5)	<b>2.0</b> (3)	195(236)	2782(3025)	4/15
lmmCMA aug	3.2(3)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>1.6</b> (0.8)	<b>2.0</b> (1)	<b>1.1</b> (0.3)	15/15
memPSODE v	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (0.6)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	4.6(2)	<b>1.7</b> (0.4)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.1</b> (1)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	38(9)	2154(2461)	5/15
ring100 ho	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	36(39)	1077(1297)	8/15
ring16 hol	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	54(72)	1339(1451)	7/15
simplex pa	15(12)	9.2(1)	4.9(0.7)	3.2(2)	3.5(0.9)	15/15

Table 13: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  on  $f_{12}$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f12</b>	<i>1.0e+8</i> :1.5	<i>1.0e+7</i> :3.6	<i>6.3e+5</i> :13	<i>6.3e+2</i> :31	<i>1.0e+0</i> :168	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	<b>1.0</b> (0.7)	3.2(3)	3.6(2)	6.1(2)	8.4(9)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	<b>2.6</b> (3)	3.4(4)	<b>2.9</b> (2)	3.2(0.4)	3.6(6)	15/15
CMAES hut	<b>0.96</b> (0.7)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	5.0(2)	27(28)	1/15
DE pal	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>2.6</b> (3)	15(6)	27(27)	15/15
HCMA los	<b>0.91</b> (0.7)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.3</b> (0.5)	<b>2.8</b> (2)	4.6(5)	15/15
HMLSL pal	<b>1</b> (1)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (0.6)	<b>1.2</b> (0.5)	<b>0.77</b> (0.8)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	4.6(1)	6.8(6)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	4.6(1)	6.8(6)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	4.7(2)	7.4(7)	15/15
IPOP-texp	<b>2.1</b> (3)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	<b>2.1</b> (1)	4.0(1)	10(10)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	4.6(1)	6.8(6)	15/15
MLSL pal	<b>1</b> (1)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (0.6)	<b>1.2</b> (0.5)	<b>0.77</b> (0.8)	15/15
OQNLP pal	<b>1.8</b> (4)	<b>2.9</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (0.5)	<b>1.6</b> (0.6)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	15/15
P-DCN tra	<b>1.0</b> (0.3)	<b>1.5</b> (0.8)	5.0(4)	7.3(4)	1.6e4(2e4)	9/15
P-zero tra	<b>1.0</b> (0.3)	<b>1.4</b> (0.8)	6.1(6)	6.1(4)	4.9e4(6e4)	4/15
SMAC hut	<b>0.87</b> (0.7)	<b>0.96</b> (1.0)	<b>1.2</b> (2)	9.0(10)	$\infty$ 300	0/15
U-DCN tra	<b>1.0</b> (0.3)	<b>1.5</b> (0.8)	4.0(3)	43(42)	2.7e4(4e4)	6/15
U-zero tra	<b>1.0</b> (0.3)	<b>1.4</b> (0.8)	3.2(4)	49(55)	3.6e4(4e4)	5/15
fmincon pa	<b>1</b> (1)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (0.6)	<b>1.2</b> (0.5)	<b>0.77</b> (0.8)	15/15
fminunc pa	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>0.98</b> (0.9)	<b>0.80</b> (0.8)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	7.5(8)	72(37)	3758(4446)	3/15
grid100 ho	<b>0.83</b> (0.3)	<b>1.3</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (4)	138(61)	2852(3164)	4/15
grid16 hol	<b>0.91</b> (0.7)	<b>0.96</b> (1)	3.7(5)	64(43)	5967(7036)	2/15
hill hol	4.3(6)	3.4(5)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	30(31)	2503(3132)	4/15
lmmCMA aug	<b>0.87</b> (0.7)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (0.4)	<b>1.6</b> (1)	15/15
memPSODE v	<b>1.7</b> (3)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	3.2(3)	3.3(0.4)	<b>2.6</b> (2)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>0.91</b> (0.3)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	3.7(5)	10(3)	213(315)	12/15
ring100 ho	<b>1.1</b> (0.7)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	7.4(13)	103(61)	712(680)	11/15
ring16 hol	<b>1.0</b> (1.0)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	5.0(6)	41(24)	1983(2640)	5/15
simplex pa	7.2(14)	12(7)	7.7(4)	4.8(1)	<b>2.9</b> (2)	15/15

Table 14: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  on  $f_{13}$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f13</b>	<i>1.0e+3:1.6</i>	<i>4.0e+2:6.8</i>	<i>2.5e+2:11</i>	<i>4.0e+1:30</i>	<i>2.5e-3:182</i>	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	<b>1.2</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (1)	4.0(1)	3.4(0.6)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	<b>0.96</b> (0.3)	<b>1.1</b> (1)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>2.2</b> (0.9)	<b>1.5</b> (0.4)	15/15
CMAES hut	3.6(4)	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	3.2(2)	$\infty$ 303	0/15
DE pal	<b>0.87</b> (0.3)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	4.7(2)	17(3)	15/15
HCMA los	<b>1.3</b> (2)	<b>1.0</b> (0.7)	<b>0.96</b> (0.3)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (0.4)	15/15
HMLSL pal	<b>0.79</b> (0)	<b>1.2</b> (1.0)	<b>1.3</b> (0.7)	<b>0.96</b> (0.2)	<b>0.63</b> (0.1)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>1.1</b> (0.6)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	3.3(0.8)	5.6(1)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>1.1</b> (0.6)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	3.3(0.8)	5.6(1)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>1.1</b> (0.6)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>1.6</b> (1)	<b>2.8</b> (0.9)	5.5(1)	15/15
IPOP-texp	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (1)	5.2(1)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>1.1</b> (0.6)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	3.3(0.8)	5.6(1)	15/15
MLSL pal	<b>0.79</b> (0)	<b>1.2</b> (1.0)	<b>1.3</b> (0.7)	<b>0.96</b> (0.2)	<b>0.63</b> (0.1)	15/15
OQNLP pal	<b>1.2</b> (0)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (0.5)	<b>1.4</b> (0.4)	3.6(3)	15/15
P-DCN tra	<b>1.3</b> (2)	3.6(4)	5.7(5)	15(20)	3.0e4(3e4)	6/15
P-zero tra	<b>1.3</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	4.1(4)	55(96)	2.3e5(2e5)	1/15
SMAC hut	<b>0.87</b> (0.6)	<b>0.84</b> (0.8)	<b>0.79</b> (0.4)	<b>0.98</b> (0.5)	$\infty$ 300	0/15
U-DCN tra	<b>1.3</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	13(10)	$\infty$ 3e6	0/15
U-zero tra	<b>1.3</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (1)	13(7)	$\infty$ 3e6	0/15
fmincon pa	<b>0.79</b> (0)	<b>1.2</b> (1.0)	<b>1.3</b> (0.7)	<b>0.96</b> (0.2)	<b>0.63</b> (0.1)	15/15
fminunc pa	<b>1.1</b> (0)	<b>1.4</b> (0.9)	<b>1.2</b> (0.5)	<b>0.97</b> (0.4)	<b>0.87</b> (0.2)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>1.1</b> (0.6)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	3.9(4)	15(14)	$\infty$ 2e5	0/15
grid100 ho	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	3.7(4)	32(19)	$\infty$ 2e5	0/15
grid16 hol	<b>0.92</b> (0.6)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>2.8</b> (4)	21(12)	$\infty$ 2e5	0/15
hill hol	4.2(7)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	57(92)	$\infty$ 2e5	0/15
lmmCMA aug	<b>1.3</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.2</b> (0.9)	<b>1.6</b> (0.4)	<b>1.5</b> (0.3)	15/15
memPSODE v	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (0.6)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>1.5</b> (0.6)	<b>2.5</b> (1)	<b>2.8</b> (6)	5.7(5)	1507(1864)	6/15
ring100 ho	<b>1.2</b> (0.9)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	27(20)	$\infty$ 2e5	0/15
ring16 hol	<b>1.1</b> (0.6)	<b>2.7</b> (4)	3.9(3)	10(9)	$\infty$ 2e5	0/15
simplex pa	<b>2.5</b> (0)	6.7(5)	7.7(4)	7.4(5)	4.5(2)	15/15

Table 15: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best 2009}}$  on  $f_{14}$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best 2009}}$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f14</b>	<i>1.0e+1:2.2</i>	<i>6.3e+0:4.2</i>	<i>2.5e+0:10</i>	<i>6.3e-2:31</i>	<i>2.5e-6:160</i>	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	3.7(5)	3.8(4)	3.7(3)	4.2(2)	3.9(0.7)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	<b>2.9</b> (3)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	3.3(1)	<b>2.0</b> (0.2)	15/15
CMAES hut	3.2(4)	<b>2.3</b> (3)	3.1(3)	3.8(1)	$\infty$ 303	0/15
DE pal	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	7.9(2)	15(4)	15/15
HCMA los	4.3(4)	<b>2.8</b> (3)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	3.9(2)	<b>2.3</b> (0.3)	15/15
HMLSL pal	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>1</b> (1.0)	<b>0.83</b> (0.5)	<b>0.82</b> (0.2)	10(14)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>2.3</b> (3)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	3.1(3)	3.7(2)	6.6(0.9)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>2.3</b> (3)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	3.1(3)	3.7(2)	6.6(0.9)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>2.7</b> (4)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	3.5(0.9)	6.0(0.8)	15/15
IPOP-texp	<b>2.8</b> (6)	<b>1.9</b> (3)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>3.0</b> (2)	5.4(1)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>2.3</b> (3)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	3.1(3)	3.7(2)	6.6(0.9)	15/15
MLSL pal	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>1</b> (1.0)	<b>0.83</b> (0.5)	<b>0.82</b> (0.2)	140(201)	9/15
OQNLP pal	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (0.6)	<b>1.2</b> (0.6)	10(9)	15/15
P-DCN tra	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	4.7(6)	11(7)	1.9e4(2e4)	9/15
P-zero tra	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	4.0(4)	8.8(6)	4.6e4(5e4)	5/15
SMAC hut	<b>1</b> (0.9)	<b>0.90</b> (0.8)	<b>1.683</b> 7	<b>0.847194</b> 44	<b>4.98132</b> f	<b>11.5559</b> 0
						<b>1.021</b>

5/ PPC





Table 17: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  on  $f_{16}$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f16</b>	<i>6.3e+1</i> :1.5	<i>2.5e+1</i> :8.2	<i>1.6e+1</i> :10	<i>1.0e+1</i> :41	<i>2.5e+0</i> :208	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	3.3(3)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (3)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	<b>1.7</b> (1.0)	<b>2.1</b> (3)	4.2(4)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	15/15
CMAES hut	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	11/15
DE pal	<b>1.7</b> (1.0)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (2)	<b>2.4</b> (4)	15/15
HCMA los	3.6(4)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	3.2(4)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>2.5</b> (4)	15/15
HMLSL pal	7.7(3)	6.6(10)	7.7(8)	3.0(3)	4.6(5)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>2.1</b> (3)	<b>1.1</b> (1)	<b>1.0</b> (0.9)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>2.1</b> (3)	<b>1.1</b> (1)	<b>1.0</b> (0.9)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (3)	3.3(4)	15/15
IPOP-texp	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	3.4(4)	<b>2.2</b> (3)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>2.1</b> (3)	<b>1.1</b> (1)	<b>1.0</b> (0.9)	15/15
MLSL pal	7.7(3)	6.8(10)	8.7(8)	3.3(4)	<b>2.9</b> (4)	15/15
OQNLP pal	35(57)	14(13)	18(14)	5.1(3)	5.9(8)	15/15
P-DCN tra	<b>2.1</b> (0.7)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>2.4</b> (4)	<b>0.93</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	15/15
P-zero tra	<b>1.5</b> (0.7)	<b>0.99</b> (1)	11(1.0)	3.1(0.8)	1092(161)	14/15
SMAC hut	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>0.64</b> (0.8)	<b>0.59</b> (0.7)	14/15
U-DCN tra	<b>1.5</b> (0.7)	<b>1.1</b> (1)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.0</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	15/15
U-zero tra	<b>1.5</b> (0.7)	<b>0.97</b> (0.9)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>2.6</b> (3)	15/15
fmincon pa	7.7(3)	6.3(9)	8.2(9)	3.4(3)	4.1(3)	15/15
fminunc pa	30(76)	15(16)	13(14)	4.7(4)	13(13)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>2.4</b> (3)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	4.1(6)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	3.2(2)	15/15
grid100 ho	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (3)	<b>2.6</b> (3)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	4.6(5)	15/15
grid16 hol	<b>1.2</b> (0.7)	<b>1.1</b> (1.0)	<b>2.8</b> (3)	<b>1.2</b> (2)	9.4(6)	15/15
hill hol	<b>2.5</b> (3)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	4.9(9)	15/15
lmmCMA aug	<b>2.9</b> (3)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	4.2(6)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	15/15
memPSODE v	<b>2.3</b> (4)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (4)	<b>2.0</b> (1)	10(13)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (3)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	15/15
ring100 ho	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.3</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	15/15
ring16 hol	<b>1.3</b> (0.7)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (3)	15/15
simplex pa	119(104)	27(19)	25(6)	7.4(2)	<b>2.4</b> (0.7)	15/15

Table 18: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  on  $f_{17}$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f17</b>	<i>1.6e+1:1.8</i>	<i>1.0e+1:3.6</i>	<i>6.3e+0:14</i>	<i>2.5e+0:34</i>	<i>2.5e-1:189</i>	5/5
BIPOP-aCMA	<b>1.6</b> (0.6)	<b>2.6</b> (3)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (1)	<b>2.1</b> (3)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	5.4(7)	5.4(6)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	5.1(2)	<b>2.3</b> (3)	15/15
CMAES hut	<b>2.0</b> (3)	<b>2.6</b> (3)	<b>1.6</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>0.99</b> (0.5)	14/15
DE pal	<b>2.1</b> (1)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>3.0</b> (2)	<b>2.6</b> (1)	15/15
HCMA los	4.9(3)	4.2(5)	3.1(3)	<b>2.9</b> (2)	<b>2.6</b> (3)	15/15
HMLSL pal	21(47)	23(49)	14(17)	21(14)	14(19)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>2.7</b> (4)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (0.5)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>2.7</b> (4)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (0.5)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>3.0</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (0.9)	<b>1.7</b> (0.9)	<b>2.1</b> (0.4)	15/15
IPOP-texp	4.9(7)	20(16)	10(24)	6.9(13)	<b>2.5</b> (3)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>2.7</b> (4)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (0.5)	15/15
MLSL pal	21(46)	23(51)	15(18)	21(16)	139(173)	12/15
OQNLP pal	16(36)	15(18)	7.6(5)	6.4(3)	22(30)	12/15
P-DCN tra	<b>2.3</b> (3)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	24(44)	1.5e4(2e4)	8/15
P-zero tra	<b>2.1</b> (3)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	92(142)	3.2e4(4e4)	5/15
SMAC hut	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>0.93</b> (1.0)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	12(13)	2/15
U-DCN tra	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>3.0</b> (3)	2560(6257)	15/15
U-zero tra	<b>2.0</b> (3)	<b>2.3</b> (3)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	3.3(3)	592(462)	15/15
fmincon pa	18(47)	21(37)	13(16)	34(89)	164(184)	13/15
fminunc pa	13(36)	10(18)	5.2(4)	6.7(3)	35(48)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>1.9</b> (1)	3.3(3)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	4.2(6)	11(6)	15/15
grid100 ho	<b>2.8</b> (3)	3.1(4)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	7.6(10)	74(46)	15/15
grid16 hol	<b>2.4</b> (2)	3.2(5)	<b>1.8</b> (3)	6.7(6)	134(335)	14/15
hill hol	5.0(6)	5.5(5)	<b>2.5</b> (3)	5.0(4)	75(80)	14/15
ImmCMA aug	<b>0.93</b> (0.6)	<b>0.94</b> (1)	<b>0.77</b> (0.8)	<b>1.3</b> (0.8)	<b>0.85</b> (0.9)	15/15
memPSODE v	3.0(2)	3.2(2)	6.3(16)	19(25)	22(10)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>1.1</b> (0.8)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>0.91</b> (1)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	12(18)	15/15
ring100 ho	<b>2.2</b> (2)	3.6(5)	<b>2.8</b> (3)	6.0(6)	22(10)	15/15
ring16 hol	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	3.1(3)	20(17)	15/15
simplex pa	29(64)	24(32)	12(9)	12(5)	55(78)	14/15

Table 19: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  on  $f_{18}$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f18</b>	<i>6.3e+1:1.8</i>	<i>4.0e+1:4.8</i>	<i>2.5e+1:13</i>	<i>1.0e+1:40</i>	<i>6.3e-1:184</i>	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	5.0(5)	3.2(4)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>2.6</b> (5)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	5.0(6)	3.4(4)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.3</b> (0.9)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	15/15
CMAES hut	3.6(4)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>1.3</b> (0.9)	<b>3.4</b> (3)	6/15
DE pal	<b>2.5</b> (3)	4.7(6)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>3.7</b> (2)	15/15
HCMA los	7.2(8)	3.4(3)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	4.6(5)	15/15
HMLSL pal	25(29)	19(24)	8.4(12)	8.4(6)	16(7)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	3.7(4)	18(2)	7.5(2)	3.1(1)	5.5(8)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	3.7(4)	18(2)	7.5(2)	3.1(1)	5.5(8)	15/15
IPOP-tany	3.1(4)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.6</b> (0.9)	4.2(6)	15/15
IPOP-texp	9.1(14)	6.1(7)	3.2(3)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	5.7(8)	15/15
IPOP lia	3.7(4)	18(2)	7.5(2)	3.1(1)	5.5(8)	15/15
MLSL pal	26(29)	20(27)	9.3(10)	10(6)	151(126)	13/15
OQNLP pal	28(49)	19(22)	11(8)	7.7(3)	19(16)	14/15
P-DCN tra	3.5(4)	<b>2.2</b> (3)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	36(22)	1.4e4(2e4)	8/15
P-zero tra	3.1(3)	<b>2.6</b> (3)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	37(5)	1.9e4(2e4)	7/15
SMAC hut	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>0.95</b> (1)	<b>1.0</b> (0.9)	$\infty$ 300	0/15
U-DCN tra	4.4(4)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>2.8</b> (4)	1711(2367)	14/15
U-zero tra	3.2(3)	<b>1.6</b> (1)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (3)	1640(1808)	15/15
fmincon pa	26(29)	20(22)	9.1(9)	8.1(4)	213(216)	12/15
fminunc pa	16(27)	11(11)	5.4(4)	4.9(3)	133(143)	11/15
ga100 hol	3.4(3)	<b>2.8</b> (1)	<b>1.6</b> (1)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	25(11)	15/15
grid100 ho	<b>2.4</b> (3)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (3)	4.7(5)	270(419)	13/15
grid16 hol	<b>2.9</b> (4)	3.1(4)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	5.2(3)	474(817)	10/15
hill hol	14(21)	7.2(8)	4.4(4)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	209(412)	13/15
ImmCMA aug	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>1.1</b> (1)	<b>0.74</b> (0.4)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	15/15
memPSODE v	4.8(5)	4.2(3)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	14(21)	49(40)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>2.4</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>1.3</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	41(74)	15/15
ring100 ho	5.7(5)	4.3(4)	<b>2.8</b> (3)	6.3(8)	36(22)	15/15
ring16 hol	<b>2.4</b> (2)	3.1(4)	<b>2.1</b> (3)	3.5(3)	30(29)	15/15
simplex pa	46(63)	27(26)	16(10)	9.1(1)	39(30)	15/15

Table 20: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  on  $f_{19}$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f19</b>	<i>1.6e-1:81</i>	<i>1.0e-1:109</i>	<i>6.3e-2:109</i>	<i>4.0e-2:119</i>	<i>1.6e-2:1230</i>	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	33(33)	57(90)	118(91)	117(82)	19(22)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	37(48)	40(39)	62(51)	76(82)	13(13)	15/15
CMAES hut	56(56)	41(43)	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$ 303	0/15
DE pal	15(12)	22(17)	35(30)	47(59)	16(19)	14/15
HCMA los	25(40)	38(40)	56(58)	100(101)	13(13)	15/15
HMLS pal	<b>0.21</b> (0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.16</b> (0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.16</b> (0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.14</b> (0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.03</b> (0) $\downarrow$ 4	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	163(367)	152(270)	165(274)	311(331)	41(52)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	163(367)	152(270)	165(274)	295(331)	31(37)	15/15
IPOP-tany	128(269)	177(265)	282(249)	374(532)	57(73)	15/15
IPOP-texp	142(305)	135(296)	199(374)	312(377)	35(38)	15/15
IPOP lia	163(367)	152(270)	165(274)	295(331)	31(37)	15/15
MLSL pal	<b>0.21</b> (0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.16</b> (0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.16</b> (0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.14</b> (0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.03</b> (0) $\downarrow$ 4	15/15
OQNLP pal	<b>0.15</b> (0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.11</b> (0) $\downarrow$ <sup>4</sup>	<b>0.11</b> (0) $\downarrow$ <sup>4</sup>	<b>0.10</b> (4e-3) $\downarrow$ <sup>4</sup>	<b>0.03</b> (4e-4) $\downarrow$ 4	15/15
P-DCN tra	136(135)	171(362)	207(385)	311(352)	346(729)	14/15
P-zero tra	2504(3741)	2382(4313)	2867(5331)	3042(4972)	497(584)	15/15
SMAC hut	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$ 300	0/15
U-DCN tra	41(47)	353(919)	924(1290)	2851(4708)	934(1257)	13/15
U-zero tra	59(67)	304(723)	468(725)	1671(3158)	1359(1717)	11/15
fmincon pa	<b>0.21</b> (0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.16</b> (0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.16</b> (0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.14</b> (0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.03</b> (0) $\downarrow$ 4	15/15
fminunc pa	<b>0.21</b> (0.0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.16</b> (0.0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.16</b> (0.0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.15</b> (0.0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.02</b> (2e-3) $\downarrow$ <sup>4</sup>	15/15
ga100 hol	38(23)	58(42)	78(70)	181(226)	44(39)	15/15
grid100 ho	104(66)	122(152)	426(654)	738(809)	216(246)	6/15
grid16 hol	66(80)	216(487)	447(558)	623(806)	147(178)	8/15
hill hol	68(93)	81(107)	188(206)	441(492)	276(335)	5/15
lmmCMA aug	29(30)	27(24)	47(46)	58(59)	5.6(6)	4/15
memPSODE v	76(70)	78(49)	124(96)	135(76)	26(23)	15/15
prcga saw	6.3(4)	12(5)	44(44)	89(170)	22(31)	15/15
ring100 ho	67(58)	77(77)	151(143)	337(320)	113(127)	10/15
ring16 hol	32(33)	48(18)	106(133)	355(560)	87(96)	11/15
simplex pa	<b>0.14</b> (0.0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.14</b> (0.0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.16</b> (0.0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.16</b> (0.0) $\downarrow$	<b>0.03</b> (6e-3) $\downarrow$ 4	15/15

Table 21: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  on  $f_{20}$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f20</b>	<i>4.0e+3</i> :3.5	<i>2.5e+3</i> :4.3	<i>4.0e+0</i> :13	<i>1.6e+0</i> :41	<i>1.0e+0</i> :385	5/5
BIPOP-aCMA	3.5(3)	3.4(3)	3.0(1)	7.2(12)	3.2(4)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	11(13)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	15/15
CMAES hut	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>2.6</b> (1)	<b>3.9</b> (4)	<b>2.6</b> (3)	4/15
DE pal	<b>1.1</b> (1)	<b>1.2</b> (0.9)	4.4(4)	7.5(3)	<b>2.0</b> (1)	15/15
HCMA los	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>1.0</b> (0.5)	8.7(12)	4.2(5)	15/15
HMLSL pal	<b>1.7</b> (0)	<b>1.4</b> (0)	<b>1.2</b> (0)	10(3)	<b>1.6</b> (1)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>0.77</b> (0.9)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (1)	<b>5.0</b> (2)	4.6(4)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>0.77</b> (0.9)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (1)	<b>5.0</b> (2)	4.6(4)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>0.77</b> (0.9)	<b>1.1</b> (0.7)	3.2(1)	19(20)	8.5(8)	15/15
IPOP-texp	<b>0.46</b> (0.3)	<b>0.89</b> (0.8)	<b>1.6</b> (1)	15(13)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>0.77</b> (0.9)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (1)	<b>5.0</b> (2)	4.6(4)	15/15
MLSL pal	<b>1.7</b> (0)	<b>1.4</b> (0)	<b>1.2</b> (0)	8.6(2)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	15/15
OQNLP pal	3.5(0)	3.0(0)	<b>2.2</b> (0)	7.6(2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	15/15
P-DCN tra	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	3.9(3)	14(26)	485(928)	15/15
P-zero tra	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>2.6</b> (3)	6.5(6)	8924(2e4)	3223(3570)	15/15
SMAC hut	<b>1.2</b> (0.4)	<b>1.2</b> (0.4)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	6.4(6)	5.7(6)	2/15
U-DCN tra	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	3.5(3)	7.2(8)	8.7(2)	15/15
U-zero tra	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (2)	19(19)	30(18)	15/15
fmincon pa	<b>1.7</b> (0)	<b>1.4</b> (0)	<b>1.2</b> (0)	8.7(6)	<b>1.6</b> (1)	15/15
fminunc pa	<b>1.4</b> (0)	<b>1.2</b> (0)	<b>2.9</b> (0)	9.1(2)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	12(13)	14(10)	3.9(3)	15/15
grid100 ho	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	11(14)	35(20)	8.0(7)	15/15
grid16 hol	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	6.2(7)	15(5)	4.0(4)	15/15
hill hol	<b>2.8</b> (3)	<b>2.8</b> (3)	3.8(3)	<b>5.1</b> (4)	8.2(16)	15/15
lmmCMA aug	<b>1.4</b> (0.7)	<b>1.3</b> (0.7)	<b>1.6</b> (1.0)	15(24)	8.6(8)	7/15
memPSODE v	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (2)	4.1(2)	14(25)	7.0(6)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>0.81</b> (0.7)	<b>0.95</b> (0.8)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	16(8)	8.1(13)	15/15
ring100 ho	<b>0.98</b> (0.9)	<b>0.89</b> (0.7)	7.2(6)	22(12)	6.3(3)	15/15
ring16 hol	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	7.1(7)	12(6)	<b>2.2</b> (1)	15/15
simplex pa	10(0.3)	8.9(0.2)	5.2(2)	14(11)	3.6(3)	15/15

Table 22: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  on  $f_{21}$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b><i>f21</i></b>	<i>1.6e+1:2.5</i>	<i>1.0e+1:5.9</i>	<i>6.3e+0:14</i>	<i>2.5e+0:41</i>	<i>1.6e+0:167</i>	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	3.8(5)	<b>2.6</b> (3)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	4.9(10)	4.5(6)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>1.1</b> (0.9)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>0.94</b> (1)	<b>2.1</b> (5)	15/15
CMAES hut	3.4(3)	<b>2.1</b> (0.9)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>2.1</b> (4)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	10/15
DE pal	<b>2.1</b> (3)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>2.2</b> (1)	15/15
HCMA los	3.4(3)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	15/15
HMLSL pal	5.2(3)	4.2(6)	4.1(4)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.6</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	3.2(3)	<b>2.0</b> (3)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.6</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	3.2(3)	<b>2.0</b> (3)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>1.3</b> (1.0)	<b>1.1</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (3)	15/15
IPOP-texp	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.3</b> (2)	4.8(1)	5.6(11)	<b>2.5</b> (6)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.6</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	3.2(3)	<b>2.0</b> (7)	15/15
MLSL pal	5.1(3)	4.0(6)	4.7(5)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>1.1</b> (1.0)	15/15
OQNLP pal	5.1(4)	4.0(4)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	15/15
P-DCN tra	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>2.5</b> (4)	1.1e4(4e4)	2.7e4(4e4)	6/15
P-zero tra	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (3)	1.1e4(4e4)	2.0e4(3e4)	7/15
SMAC hut	<b>1.2</b> (1.0)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>0.93</b> (0.7)	<b>0.68</b> (0.4)	15/15
U-DCN tra	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (3)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	15/15
U-zero tra	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>0.99</b> (1)	<b>0.88</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (3)	3.7(6)	15/15
fmincon pa	5.1(2)	4.3(6)	4.5(4)	<b>2.6</b> (3)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	15/15
fminunc pa	4.4(6)	4.7(7)	4.5(4)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (0.9)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>0.87</b> (0.8)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>2.5</b> (4)	15/15
grid100 ho	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.3</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	5.3(3)	15/15
grid16 hol	<b>1.4</b> (1.0)	<b>1.1</b> (0.9)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	15/15
hill hol	5.7(7)	5.5(9)	3.4(6)	3.4(4)	67(5)	14/15
lmmCMA aug	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (2)	<b>1.6</b> (3)	<b>0.69</b> (1)	15/15
memPSODE v	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	3.3(3)	7.4(6)	3.5(6)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>1.4</b> (1.0)	<b>0.72</b> (0.9)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	10(10)	15/15
ring100 ho	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (6)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	15/15
ring16 hol	<b>2.2</b> (3)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	15/15
simplex pa	20(20)	19(21)	13(10)	6.9(5)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	15/15

Table 23: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  on  $f_{22}$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b><i>f22</i></b>	<i>4.0e+1:2.9</i>	<i>2.5e+1:5.2</i>	<i>1.0e+1:18</i>	<i>6.3e+0:33</i>	<i>1.0e+0:170</i>	5/5
BIPOP-aCMA	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (1.0)	3.0(2)	6.9(7)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	10(4)	6.1(2)	<b>2.4</b> (1)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	4.5(5)	15/15
CMAES hut	<b>2.8</b> (3)	<b>2.3</b> (3)	<b>3.0</b> (3)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	9/15
DE pal	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	56(177)	13/15
HCMA los	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (1.0)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	3.5(8)	15/15
HMLSL pal	4.2(4)	4.1(8)	<b>2.3</b> (3)	3.1(3)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	3.4(3)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	3.4(3)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (0.9)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	6.5(13)	8.3(9)	15/15
IPOP-texp	<b>1.5</b> (0.9)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	5.0(2)	6.5(14)	11(12)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	3.4(3)	15/15
MLSL pal	4.3(4)	4.0(8)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	<b>1.3</b> (0.8)	15/15
OQNLP pal	4.9(4)	5.8(8)	<b>3.0</b> (4)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	3.3(4)	13/15
P-DCN tra	<b>1.1</b> (0.9)	<b>1.3</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (3)	6496(3)	1.2e4(2e4)	9/15
P-zero tra	<b>1.1</b> (0.9)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	2.3e4(5e4)	3.5e4(4e4)	5/15
SMAC hut	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>0.96</b> (0.8)	<b>0.80</b> (0.8)	<b>0.85</b> (0.6)	<b>0.58</b> (0.6)	15/15
U-DCN tra	<b>1.1</b> (0.9)	<b>0.96</b> (1.0)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	15/15
U-zero tra	<b>1.1</b> (0.9)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	3.5(3)	15/15
fmincon pa	4.3(4)	4.2(8)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	<b>1.1</b> (0.8)	15/15
fminunc pa	3.5(4)	3.7(5)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>1.2</b> (1.0)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.6</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	65(3)	14/15
grid100 ho	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	15/15
grid16 hol	<b>1.0</b> (0.9)	<b>0.83</b> (0.5)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	3.3(4)	7.4(4)	15/15
hill hol	4.9(5)	4.2(4)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	298(442)	12/15
ImmCMA aug	<b>1.6</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	<b>1.3</b> (1.0)	<b>1.5</b> (0.8)	5.1(7)	12/15
memPSODE v	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>2.9</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (0.9)	<b>1.0</b> (1)	17(26)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>1.2</b> (0.5)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	9.4(20)	15/15
ring100 ho	<b>1.3</b> (1)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	3.3(4)	15/15
ring16 hol	<b>0.98</b> (0.7)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>3.0</b> (3)	3.7(5)	4.2(8)	15/15
simplex pa	24(30)	21(31)	10(9)	9.1(6)	3.3(3)	15/15



Table 24: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  on  $f_{23}$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b><i>f23</i></b>	<i>1.0e+1:2.6</i>	<i>6.3e+0:16</i>	<i>4.0e+0:44</i>	<i>2.5e+0:79</i>	<i>1.6e+0:198</i>	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	5.9(6)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	3.0(3)	6.2(7)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	3.4(3)	<b>2.2</b> (3)	3.5(4)	7.2(7)	6.3(6)	15/15
CMAES hut	3.7(3)	<b>2.7</b> (4)	<b>2.9</b> (4)	12(13)	$\infty$ 303	0/15
DE pal	4.1(4)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>3.0</b> (3)	5.2(5)	15/15
HCMA los	7.4(8)	3.2(3)	3.5(4)	5.2(6)	5.0(5)	15/15
HMLSL pal	14(16)	6.2(8)	3.2(4)	3.8(3)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	3.8(4)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	5.1(5)	5.4(6)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	3.8(4)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	5.1(5)	5.4(6)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>2.9</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (3)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	4.4(4)	6.0(4)	15/15
IPOP-texp	3.7(4)	<b>2.5</b> (4)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	4.9(5)	4.8(3)	15/15
IPOP lia	3.8(4)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	5.1(5)	5.4(6)	15/15
MLSL pal	15(16)	6.4(9)	3.3(4)	<b>3.0</b> (3)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	15/15
OQNLP pal	14(33)	4.5(8)	4.9(5)	4.5(4)	<b>2.9</b> (4)	15/15
P-DCN tra	3.6(5)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>2.6</b> (2)	3.2(2)	15/15
P-zero tra	3.8(4)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	3.9(5)	4.7(6)	15/15
SMAC hut	3.5(3)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	4.5(5)	11(11)	2/15
U-DCN tra	<b>2.9</b> (3)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	4.2(6)	5.2(4)	15/15
U-zero tra	<b>2.6</b> (3)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.8</b> (3)	3.0(2)	9.3(17)	15/15
fmincon pa	13(15)	4.3(8)	3.2(4)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	15/15
fminunc pa	11(21)	5.0(6)	3.2(3)	3.1(2)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	15/15
ga100 hol	4.7(3)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	4.7(7)	9.0(10)	15/15
grid100 ho	4.2(3)	<b>1.7</b> (3)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	12(12)	15/15
grid16 hol	3.3(5)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>2.0</b> (2)	7.1(5)	13(17)	15/15
hill hol	6.4(7)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	4.6(6)	6.3(10)	15/15
lmmCMA aug	5.5(5)	<b>2.0</b> (1)	<b>2.9</b> (3)	<b>2.7</b> (2)	3.9(5)	13/15
memPSODE v	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (0.7)	<b>2.8</b> (0.3)	<b>2.6</b> (5)	15/15
prcga saw	4.5(5)	<b>2.1</b> (3)	<b>2.5</b> (3)	4.1(4)	4.7(6)	15/15
ring100 ho	<b>3.2</b> (3)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (2)	3.9(5)	5.3(7)	15/15
ring16 hol	4.2(6)	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.8</b> (4)	7.6(7)	7.4(6)	15/15
simplex pa	80(104)	19(18)	10(7)	7.7(3)	3.2(1)	15/15

Table 25: 03-D, running time excess  $\text{ERT}/\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  on  $f_{24}$  for given run-length based budgets (0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, and 50D function evaluations). The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear for each algorithm and run-length based target, the corresponding  $\text{ERT}_{\text{best}} 2009$  (preceded by the target  $\Delta f$ -value in *italics*) in the first row. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Entries with succeeding star are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to all other algorithms in the table, with  $p = 0.05$  or  $p = 10^{-k}$  when the number  $k$  following the star is larger than 1, with Bonferroni correction by the number of instances.

#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3	10	50	#succ
<b>f24</b>	<i>4.0e+1:4.6</i>	<i>2.5e+1:13</i>	<i>1.6e+1:47</i>	<i>1.6e+1:47</i>	<i>6.3e+0:382</i>	15/15
BIPOP-aCMA	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>3.0</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	15/15
BIPOP-saAC	<b>2.8</b> (3)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	<b>1.3</b> (0.8)	<b>1.3</b> (0.8)	<b>2.1</b> (3)	15/15
CMAES hut	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (1.0)	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>1.4</b> (1)	7/15
DE pal	<b>1.6</b> (1)	<b>1.9</b> (1)	<b>2.6</b> (1)	<b>2.6</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	15/15
HCMA los	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>1.2</b> (0.7)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>1.8</b> (1)	<b>1.3</b> (1)	15/15
HMLSL pal	3.8(3)	<b>2.9</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (3)	<b>2.3</b> (3)	<b>1.7</b> (0.8)	15/15
IPOP-10DDr	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (0.8)	<b>1.5</b> (0.8)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	15/15
IPOP-500 l	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (0.8)	<b>1.5</b> (0.8)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	15/15
IPOP-tany	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>1.3</b> (0.6)	<b>1.3</b> (0.6)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	15/15
IPOP-texp	<b>0.74</b> (0.5)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	<b>1.0</b> (0.8)	<b>1.0</b> (0.8)	<b>2.1</b> (3)	15/15
IPOP lia	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (0.8)	<b>1.5</b> (0.8)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	15/15
MLSL pal	3.7(3)	<b>2.9</b> (1)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	<b>2.4</b> (3)	<b>1.6</b> (2)	15/15
OQNLP pal	<b>2.5</b> (2)	<b>2.2</b> (2)	5.8(2)	5.8(2)	<b>1.3</b> (0.6)	15/15
P-DCN tra	<b>2.5</b> (2)	3.4(3)	8.3(19)	8.3(19)	64(109)	15/15
P-zero tra	<b>2.8</b> (2)	3.1(2)	120(181)	120(181)	264(262)	15/15
SMAC hut	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>2.6</b> (2)	<b>2.2</b> (1)	<b>2.2</b> (1)	3.6(4)	3/15
U-DCN tra	<b>2.0</b> (1)	<b>3.0</b> (1)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	6.2(10)	15/15
U-zero tra	<b>2.0</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	<b>1.5</b> (2)	4.4(4)	15/15
fmincon pa	3.7(3)	<b>2.9</b> (1)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>2.1</b> (2)	<b>1.2</b> (1)	15/15
fminunc pa	<b>2.0</b> (2)	<b>2.7</b> (3)	<b>3.0</b> (3)	<b>3.0</b> (3)	<b>2.5</b> (2)	15/15
ga100 hol	<b>1.6</b> (2)	<b>2.4</b> (2)	3.7(3)	3.7(3)	6.3(6)	15/15
grid100 ho	<b>2.3</b> (3)	3.6(3)	5.8(7)	5.8(7)	14(13)	15/15
grid16 hol	<b>2.7</b> (3)	4.3(4)	<b>2.8</b> (3)	<b>2.8</b> (3)	6.0(7)	15/15
hill hol	<b>2.6</b> (3)	<b>2.5</b> (3)	3.6(4)	3.6(4)	5.8(6)	15/15
lmmCMA aug	<b>1.5</b> (1)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>1.7</b> (1)	<b>0.98</b> (1)	15/15
memPSODE v	<b>2.5</b> (2)	5.1(4)	10(20)	10(20)	6.9(8)	15/15
prcga saw	<b>1.8</b> (2)	<b>2.3</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	<b>1.4</b> (2)	4.6(10)	15/15
ring100 ho	<b>2.1</b> (3)	3.6(3)	4.7(5)	4.7(5)	6.2(4)	15/15
ring16 hol	<b>2.3</b> (3)	3.2(3)	<b>2.8</b> (2)	<b>2.8</b> (2)	3.8(3)	15/15
simplex pa	6.3(6)	5.5(2)	8.1(2)	8.1(2)	3.1(3)	15/15

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